

# **First Aid Policy**

Review date	Spring 2023
Review period	Annual by SLT/Triennial by Trustees
Next Review date	Spring 2024
Policy type	Legislative
Other related policies	Health and Safety Policy Medical Policy

## Table of Contents

Policy	Statement	2
1	Definitions	2
2	Roles and Responsibilities	3
3	Organisation and Arrangements	4
4	School procedures	5
5	Monitoring and review	6
6	Further reference and associated documents	6
7	Responsible Officer	6

#### **Policy Statement**

This Policy has been produced in accordance with the school's Health and Safety Policy to ensure that all health and safety issues relating to the provision of First Aid at work are adequately managed.

The school is committed to protecting the health, safety, welfare and wellbeing of its employees and others who may be affected. It is essential therefore that everyone who works for or undertakes work on behalf of the school adheres to the requirements of this Policy.

The information, guidance and instruction within this Policy provides the basis for the identification and implementation of first aid provision within the school. Although the Health and Safety (First Aid) Regulations do not require employers to provide first aid for anyone other than employees, it is the school's policy to consider non-employees on our premises, in the assessment of first aid needs and make provision for them.

The application of this Policy will ensure that, so far as is reasonably practicable, the school meets all relevant statutory requirements regarding the general provision of first aid and duty of care.

## 1 Definitions

The following specifies the key terms used within this Policy.

**First Aid at Work** – is the application of treatment for the purpose of preserving life and minimising the consequences of injury and illness, until medical help/ treatment is obtained, where necessary.

People at work can suffer injuries or be taken ill. It doesn't matter whether the injury or illness is caused by the work they do or not, it is important to give them immediate attention and call an ambulance in serious cases. First aid at work covers the arrangements we need to make to ensure this happens. It can save lives and prevent minor injuries becoming major ones.

It is important to remember that accidents and illness can happen at any time. First aid provision needs to be available at all times people are at work.

It does not include giving tablets or medicines to treat illness as stated in the school's Medical Policy.

**First Aid Needs Assessment** – is an assessment undertaken by managers to identify what first aid provision is required. It has to be identified by an assessment because the provision is dependent on the circumstances within that workplace/ premise and the activities undertaken.

Emergency First Aider — a person holding a valid certificate in 'Emergency First Aid at Work' (EFAW) issued by an organisation whose training and qualifications are approved by the Health and Safety Executive (HSE). A certificate will be issued with details of level of competence and be valid for 3 years. Subject to risk assessment, in low level risk environments or where service delivery needs may be better supported, this will involve attendance on a 1-day (6 hours) Emergency First Aid at Work training course, or equivalent, which includes ongoing assessment throughout the day, but no practical assessment.

**First Aider** - A person holding a valid certificate in 'First Aid at Work' (FAW) issued by an organisation whose training and qualifications are approved by the Health and Safety Executive (HSE). This will involve attendance on a 3-day (18 hours) training course, or equivalent which includes a practical assessment. A certificate will be issued with details of level of competence and be valid for 3 years. A 2-day (12 hour) requalification course, including a practical assessment, must be taken before the certificate expiry date to demonstrate continuing competence.

The FAW training includes EFAW and also equips the first-aider to apply first aid to a range of specific injuries and illness.

## 2 Roles and Responsibilities

The following specific roles and responsibilities apply to this Policy and are in addition to the general roles and responsibilities placed on all managers and employees within the school's Health and Safety Policy.

## 2.1 Headteachers and Line Managers must ensure that:

- A First Aid Needs Assessment is undertaken to ensure that first aid arrangements are adequate and appropriate in the circumstances. This means that enough suitably trained staff are available to:
- Give immediate help to casualties with injuries or illness that may occur at work; and call an ambulance or for other professional help.
- Sufficient suitable persons are available to provide first aid cover in accordance with requirements of this policy and specific risk assessments.
- Paediatric First Aiders and Emergency First Aiders receive appropriate training to carry out their duties.
- First Aiders re-qualify before the expiry date of their Certificate, when still required to carry out this function.
- Inform employees about the first aid arrangements for their place of work on day one as part of their induction (this will include the location of equipment and personnel).
- Display at least one first aid notice, in a prominent place, to inform employees and visitors of the first aid arrangements.
- As part of the annual health and safety workplace inspection, ensure that the first aid box is being checked regularly by first aiders and it contains the required content. (See 3.3.1)
- First aid rooms are only provided where the First Aid Needs Assessment determines one necessary. For schools, there must be a suitable room that can be used for medical treatment when required. (See 3.3.4)
- Ensure that contractors and others working temporarily on the premises are familiar with the first aid arrangements as part of the signing procedure.

#### 2.2 First Aiders must:

- Attend a 3-day HSE approved First Aid at Work training (FAW) and a 2-day requalification training prior to the 3 year training expiry date.
- In accordance with the training, treat any minor injuries, preserve life in an emergency and prevent an injury from becoming worse.
- Call the emergency services to summon an ambulance or other professional help when necessary.
- Be responsible for the restock of first aid boxes. Ensure that a record of first aid treatment is
  recorded on the google sheet log of treatment given for injuries and ill health that are as a result of
  a workplace accident/incident.
- Only provide first aid in accordance with the training received.

## 2.3 Emergency First Aiders must:

- Attend the 1-day HSE Emergency First Aid at Work (EFAW) training that is delivered by a HSE approved training provider.
- Undertake an annual refresher where an assessment deems this necessary.
- Ensure that those responsible for restocking first aid boxes are informed when supplies are required.
- Call the emergency services to summon an ambulance or other professional help when necessary.
- Only provide emergency first aid in accordance with the training received.

#### 2.4 Employees will:

- Make themselves aware of the first aid provision within the school (First Aider/ Emergency First Aider, and how to contact them).
- Seek first aid in accordance with their local arrangements, if first aid is required, and not provide first aid treatment at work unless trained to do so.

#### 2.5 The Headteacher will:

Advise the Trustees on their First Aid Needs Assessment in conjunction with this Policy.

## 3 Organisation and Arrangements

#### 3.1 First Aid Needs Assessment

- The First Aid Needs Assessment depends on the circumstances of each workplace, premise or work activity. The Headteacher must assess first aid needs on an annual basis. This assessment need will be reviewed by the Trustees annually and also reviewed by Warwickshire County Council through a Health and Safety inspection on a three yearly basis.
- The First Aid Needs Assessment record sheet must be used to ascertain the basic first aid provision requirement across the school, and then identify other considerations which may require that basic provision to be increased or provided in an alternative way.

## 3.2 Training and competency

- The training required by the trained personnel is an integral part of the school's CDP programme, with all courses being certified in accordance with HSE guidance.
- Nationally annual refresher training is not mandatory for FAW/EFAW certified first aiders. An
  opportunity is provided for those holding the aforementioned certificates
  to retake the
  course before the 3 year expiry date.

#### 3.3 First Aid Equipment

#### 3.3.1 First Aid Box

The minimum level of first aid equipment is suitably stocked in a properly identified first aid box. Each building should provide at least one first aid box supplied with a sufficient quantity of first aid materials suitable for the particular circumstances. All first aid boxes must be checked regularly and restocked as soon as possible after use. Depending on the findings of the First Aid Needs Assessment, more than one box may be required, and the size of the box may differ. The boxes should be easily accessible and preferably placed near to hand washing facilities. The boxes should be identified by a white cross on a green background.

The first aid stock is determined by the findings of the First Aid Needs Assessment in conjunction with risk assessments. However, as a minimum (for low hazard work activities) the following stock should be included in a standard first aid box:

- 20 individually wrapped sterile plasters (assorted sizes), appropriate to the type of work (for example, food handlers will need plasters that can be easily seen; and hypoallergenic plasters can be provided, if necessary);
- 2 sterile eye pads;
- 4 individually wrapped triangular bandages, preferably sterile;
- 6 safety pins;
- 1 mouth guard;
- 2 large sterile individually wrapped un-medicated wound dressings;
- 6 medium-sized individually wrapped un-medicated wound dressings; and
- 1 pair of disposable (non-latex) gloves.

## A travelling first aid box will include:

- a leaflet giving general guidance on first aid (for example, 'Basic Advice on First Aid at Work' from the HSE);
- 6 individually wrapped sterile plasters (hypoallergenic plasters can be provided, if necessary);
- 2 triangular bandages

- 2 safety pins;
- 1 mouth guard;
- 1 large sterile un-medicated dressing;
- Individually wrapped moist cleansing wipes; and
- 1 pair of disposable (non-latex) gloves.

## 3.3.2 Tablets and Medication

First aid at work does not include giving tablets or medicines to treat illness. The only exception to this is where aspirin is used when giving first aid to a casualty with a suspected heart attack in accordance with current medical advice and currently accepted first aid practice. Refer to the Medical Policy for guidance on the administration of medication in the school.

#### 3.3.4 First Aid Room

First aid rooms are generally not required unless the workplace in question is a high risk environment. However, the Standards for School premises 2012 guidance requires every school to have a suitable room that can be used for medical treatment when required, and for the care of the pupils during school hours. The area, which must contain a washbasin and be reasonably near to a WC, need not be used solely for medical purposes, but should be appropriate for that purpose and readily available for use when needed.

#### 4 School Procedures

In the event of an accident resulting in injury:

- The closest member of staff present will seek the assistance of a qualified First Aider, contacting the main office for details, if necessary. The injured party will either be moved to the first aid station in the learning street, the first aid station in the main office or remain where they are to be assessed; whichever course of action is appropriate.
- The First Aider will assess the injury and decide if further assistance is needed from a colleague or the emergency services. They will remain on the scene until help arrives.
- If the First Aider judges that a pupil is too unwell to remain in school, parents will be contacted and asked to collect their child.
- If emergency services are called, a member of staff will contact parents immediately. In principle, a member of staff will not travel with a pupil to hospital unless in exceptional circumstances.
- If there is a broken bone, emergency services, or hospital attendance, complete an Accident and Incident Investigation Form and upload to CPOMS.
- If unsure, follow the process flow chart. (Appendix 1)

In the event of a pupil self-reporting for first aid/illness/injury:

- The pupil should report to the nearest adult if feeling unwell or needing first aid.
- An appropriate first aider will be asked to assess the illness and/or injury.
- No over-the-counter medication will be given but the illness/injury will be treated as necessary; if it is deemed necessary the parent/carer will be contacted to collect the pupil (please refer to the Medical Policy).
- If a pupil requires non-urgent medical attention, then parents will be contacted and arrangements will be made for parents to collect and transport the pupil to a medical centre.

For all first aid/treatment the First Aider will record this on the first aid log on the same day, or as soon as is reasonably practical. For more serious injuries

We will always contact parents in the event of a child suffering a significant head injury. In all instances, a 'Head Injury Advice Slip' will be given to the parents of any child who has bumped their head.

## 5 Monitoring and Review

To ensure the effective application of this Policy, schools are required to have in place arrangements for monitoring and reviewing its implementation at regular intervals. The Policy review needs to promote a cycle of continuous improvement; therefore any actions identified to ensure this, should be considered and implemented where reasonably practicable. Successful monitoring and review relies on commitment from managers at all levels and should therefore be included as an integral part of the annual Health and Safety review. The school also has a WCC inspection of Health and Safety, which also covers First Aid, on a 3 year basis.

#### **6** Further Reference and Associated Documents

Health and Safety Policy

**Medical Policy** 

First Aid at Work, The Health and Safety (First-Aid) Regulations 1981 Approved Code of Practice and Guidance, 174.

**Education (School Premises) Regulations** 

HSE (2011), Basic advice on first aid at work leaflet, INDG 347(rev2) WEB, 03/11. Website <a href="http://www.hse.gov.uk/pubns/indg347.pdf">http://www.hse.gov.uk/pubns/indg347.pdf</a>

## 7 Responsible Person

The Headteacher is responsible for Health and Safety.

## **Accident and Injury Process Flowchart**

## Pupil Injury (Minor)



If minor incident treatable at school with no significant injury, record in first aid/accident book.



Investigate what happened and why, briefly record e.g. Pupil tripped no hazards in area; Pupils playing and collided.



Respond to investigation findings as required.

## Pupil Injury (Major)



If incident results in an injury requiring medical treatment above school first aid, complete an Accident and Incident Investigation Form and upload it to CPOMS, as well as reporting it to the Headteacher.



If reportable, the Headteacher will contact the HSE (supported by H&S Advisor if required.)



Headteacher should undertake a formal investigation as to what happened and why, taking photos and statements as required (supported by H&S Advisors if required)



Review risk assessments, procedures etc and take appropriate actions as required



If reportable, the Headteacher will contact the HSE (supported by H&S Advisor if required.)

## Staff/Visitor Injury



All employee, visitor and contractor incidents must be reported to the Headteacher, as soon as possible after incident.



Employee incidents resulting in 7 days or more lost time, more than 24 hours in hospital or serious injury will require reporting under RIDDOR. The Headteacher (supported by H&S Advisor if required) will review accidents/incidents and decide what is reportable.



If reportable, the Headteacher (supported by H&S Advisors if required) will report incidents to the HSE and inform the Trustees.



All employee/visitor incidents should be proportionately investigated to determine root cause. For serious incidents undertake a formal investigation as to what happened and why, taking photos and statements as required.



Review risk assessments and procedures, taking appropriate action as required.